HEROUX DEVTEK





Quarterly report 2

SECOND QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006

message to shareholders

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to take this opportunity to present the financial results for Héroux-Devtek's second quarter, ended September 30, 2006.

We are pleased with the results which are slightly better than anticipated thanks to the solid performance of the Landing Gear Division. We are beginning to see the benefits of our sustained efforts to strengthen the foundations of our business and provide for more stable, long-term growth.

Sales for the period were \$62.7 million, basically even with the \$62.3 million during the second quarter a year ago. Operating income was \$2.3 million, compared to \$1.6 million last year, primarily as a result of improved productivity and increased sales at the Landing Gear Division. Net income was \$1.5 million or \$0.05 per share compared to a net loss of \$0.3 million or \$0.01 per share for the same guarter last year.

Net income from continuing operations for the first six months was \$2.2 million compared to a net loss of \$2.7 million a year ago. Year to date, net income stands at \$2.2 million or \$0.07 per share, compared to \$6.2 million or \$0.23 per share last year, when discontinued operations contributed net income of \$8.8 million or \$0.33 per share last year.

The strong results of the Landing Gear Division were offset somewhat by a drop in Aerostructure sales where substantial resources are being dedicated to development work for the JSF contract. The second quarter was also affected by declining aircraft engine components sales as the Company proceeds with its planned exit from this market.

We expect business to continue to improve through the remainder of this year. Sales for large commercial aircraft, business jets and turboprops (commuters) should increase as the civil market continues to improve, and military sales should remain solid.

We are confident that the Landing Gear Division will continue to generate solid results over the coming quarter while we develop our other sectors to build long-term sustainable growth. While the JSF development work in the Aerostructure Division is having an impact on production potential, this initiative will position us to benefit from what is considered to be the largest on-going military program over the next 20 years. Héroux-Devtek is particularly well placed to participate as it is already working on all versions of the F-35 JSF program.

The move into the wind energy market combined with the exit from the aircraft engine components market will contribute positively to restoring profitability in the Gas Turbine business. Nevertheless, this division requires additional sales volume to provide a sound return on investment.

Based on the existing backlog, we continue to anticipate internal sales growth of approximately 10% for the current fiscal year and, given the net income for the first six months, we anticipate reaching our goal of profitability for the current fiscal year.

(signed by)

Gilles Labbé

President and Chief Executive Officer

November 1, 2006

NOTICE OF DISCLOSURE OF NON-AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 AND 2005.

Pursuant to National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a) issued by the Canadian Securities Administrators, if the external auditors have not performed a review of the interim financial statements, the interim financial statements must be accompanied by a notice indicating that they have not been reviewed by the external auditors.

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of the Company for the periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's external auditors, Ernst & Young LLP, have not performed a review of these interim financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by the external auditors of an entity.

Dated this 1st day of November 2006

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

As at September 30, 2006 and March 31, 2006 (In thousands of dollars) (Unaudited)

In thousands of dottars, (onaddited)	Notes Sept. 2006		March 2006		
Assets	5				
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	8,555	\$	20,863
Accounts receivable			39,549		43,964
Income tax receivable			7,389		6,014
Other receivables			5,475		7,950
Inventories			88,481		71,785
Prepaid expenses			1,468		1,739
Future income taxes			9,826		8,883
Other current assets			1,956		1,146
			162,699		162,344
Property, plant and equipment, net			93,480		98,973
Finite-life intangible assets, net			8,255		9,243
Other assets			696		758
Future income taxes			6,590		6,476
Goodwill			37,447		37,879
		\$	309,167	\$	315,673
Liabilities Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$	70,279	\$	76,812
Income tax payable			194		2,899
Future income taxes			4,228		1,239
Current portion of long-term debt	5		6,063		11,064
			80,764		92,014
Long-term debt	5		57,270		50,637
Other liabilities			7,203		7,340
Future income taxes			11,722		13,398
			156,959		163,389
Shareholders' equity	_		400 5 : 5		400
Capital stock	6		103,542		103,447
Contributed surplus	6		661		544
Cumulative translation adjustment			(9,844)		(7,372)
Retained earnings			57,849		55,665
			152,208		152,284
		\$	309,167	\$	315,673

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS)For the periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005

(In thousands of dollars, except per share data) (Unaudited)

Not	es		Quarte Septe 2006	ers en ember					s ended per 30 2005
Sales		\$	62,669	\$	62,303	\$	128,986	\$	116,220
Cost of sales			51,871		53,194		108,604		100,764
Amortization			4,226		4,255		8,367		8,541
Gross profit			6,572		4,854		12,015		6,915
Selling and administrative expenses			4,259		3,206		8,177		7,359
Operating income (loss)			2,313		1,648		3,838		(444)
Financial expenses	5		880		1,211		1,754		2,325
Income (loss) before income tax (recovery)									(====)
and discontinued operations			1,433		437		2,084		(2,769)
Income tax (recovery)			(63)		693		(100)		(81)
Net income (loss) from continuing operations			1,496		(256)		2,184		(2,688)
Net income from discontinued operations	3		_		_		_		8,844
Net income (loss)		\$	1,496	\$	(256)	\$	2,184	\$	6,156
Earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations — basic and diluted Earnings per share from discontinued		\$	0.05	\$	(0.01)	\$	0.07	\$	(0.10)
operations — basic and diluted			_		_		_		0.33
Earnings (loss) per share — basic and diluted		\$	0.05	\$	(0.01)	\$	0.07	\$	0.23
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the periods		3:	1,509.778	26	,968,367	31	,501,315	20	6,963,953

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF RETAINED EARNINGS

For the periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (In thousands of dollars) (Unaudited)

,		ers ended mber 30 2005		Six months ended September 30 2006 2005		
Balance at beginning of period Net Income (loss)	\$ 56,353 1,496	\$ 53,822 (256)	\$ 55,60 2,18		47,410 6,156	
Balance at end of period	\$ 57,849	\$ 53,566	\$ 57,84	9 \$	53,566	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWSFor the periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005
(In thousands of dollars) (Unaudited)

Notes		Quarte Septe 2006	ers en ember				s ended per 30 2005
Cash and cash equivalents provided by (used for): Operating activities							
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	1,496	\$	(256)	\$	2,184	\$ (2,688)
Items not requiring an outlay of cash:							0.511
Amortization		4,226		4,255		8,367	8,541
Future income taxes		266		941		87	1,264
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		_				127	(6)
Amortization of deferred financing costs Amortization of net deferred loss related		68		82		137	164
to a financial derivative instrument		35		35		74	70
Accretion expense of asset retirement obligations		47		47		94	94
Stock-based compensation 6		62		52		117	96
Cash flows from continuing operations Net change in non-cash items related		6,200		5,156		11,060	7,535
to operations 9		(9,976)		(1,724)		(21,204)	(9,225)
Cash flows relating to operating activities		(3,776)		3,432		(10,144)	(1,690)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and finite-life intangible assets Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipm Business acquisition 2 Proceeds from the sale of a business 3 Cash flows relating to investing activities Financing activities Increase in long-term debt 5 Repayment of long-term debt 5 Issuance of common shares 6 Cash flows relating to financing activities	ent	(3,878) 2,171 — (1,707) (1,707) 6,495 (583) 66 5,978		(1,552) 7 (2,335) (137) (4,017) 5,963 (1,659) 30 4,334		(5,941) 2,171 (1,577) — (5,347) 6,495 (2,963) 95 3,627	(2,730) 13 (2,335) 19,035 13,983 5,963 (18,315) 62 (12,290)
Effect of changes in exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents used for discontinued operations		(288)		(473)		(444)	(351)
<u> </u>							
Change in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		207 8,348		3,276 5,127		(12,308) 20,863	(1,147) 9,550
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	8,555	\$	8,403	\$	8,555	\$ 8,403
Supplemental information: Interest paid Income taxes paid	\$ \$	811 387	\$ \$	963 582	\$ \$	1,484 956	\$ 1,973 1,270
The accompanying notes are an integral part of thes	•			d financia	•		, -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (All dollar amounts in thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)

NOTE 1. INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Héroux-Devtek Inc. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries, all of which are wholly-owned.

The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles applicable to interim financial statements and follow the same accounting policies and methods in their application as the most recent annual financial statements. In the opinion of Management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation are reflected in the interim financial statements. Such adjustments are of a normal and recurring nature. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full year. The interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006.

NOTE 2. BUSINESS ACQUISITION

On April 1, 2004, the Company concluded the asset purchase agreement and plan for merger signed on February 24, 2004 to acquire all outstanding common shares of Progressive Incorporated (along with the net assets of Promilling LP), ("Progressive"), a Texas-based manufacturer of large structural components in the military sector. The earnings of Progressive have been accounted for in the Company's consolidated statement of income (loss) since the acquisition date and are included in the Aerospace segment. The total initial purchase price representing \$74,193 (US\$56,356) at the acquisition date (April 1, 2004) was adjusted upward by \$687 to \$74,880 up to September 30, 2006 to reflect the adjustments to the initial estimated tax impacts on the acquisition transaction, net of the additional payments made related to additional profitability performance for fiscal years 2004, 2005 and 2006. At September 30, 2006, the total adjusted purchase price can be detailed as follows:

Total Adjusted Purchase Price

Basic purchase price	\$ 64,532
Tax impacts	3,421
Acquisition of a large specialized manufacturing equipment	4,246
Transaction costs and other	2,681
	\$ 74,880

As part of the asset purchase agreement and plan for merger, additional payments of up to \$15,798 in total (US\$6,000 for fiscal years 2004 and 2005 and US\$6,000 for fiscal year 2006), could also be made based on additional profitability performance. At September 30, 2006, all additional payments amounting to \$5,769 (US\$4,725) were made. The basic purchase price was adjusted accordingly.

NOTE 3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS: SALE OF LOGISTICS AND DEFENCE DIVISION, DIEMACO

On February 10, 2005, the Company entered into an agreement with Colt Defense LLC, a U.S. Company, for the sale of its Logistics & Defence Division, Diemaco. Diemaco is a manufacturer of small arms for military and law enforcement agencies. The final sale price amounted to \$19,035. The sale transaction closed on May 20, 2005. The gain on the sale transaction amounted to \$8,385, net of income taxes of \$2,521.

All assets and liabilities in the Company's consolidated balance sheets along with revenues and expenses in the Company's consolidated statements of income (loss) and the cash and cash equivalents in the Company's consolidated statements of cash flows related to the Logistics and Defence Division, Diemaco were segregated and presented as discontinued operations.

NOTE 3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS: SALE OF LOGISTICS AND DEFENCE DIVISION, DIEMACO (cont'd)

Sales, income before income taxes and net income related to Diemaco's operations for the period from April 1, 2005 to May 20, 2005, were as follows:

Sales	\$ 2,440
Income before taxes	\$ 418
Net income (including the gain on sale of Diemaco of \$8,568)	\$ 8,844

All the activities of the Logistics & Defence Division, Diemaco operations were excluded from the Company's Aerospace segment and Canadian geographical segment in the segmented information (note 10).

NOTE 4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS: FORWARD FOREIGN EXCHANGE CONTRACTS

At September 30, 2006, the Company entered into forward foreign exchange contracts whereby it will sell American dollars at an average exchange rate of 1.2484 an amount of US\$123,500 (US\$146,500 at an average rate of 1.2617 as at March 31, 2006 and US\$128,000 at an average rate of 1.3089 as at September 30, 2005) for the purpose of foreign exchange risk management related to its export sales and maturing at various dates between October 1, 2006 and December 31, 2009.

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NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

	Sept. 30 2006	-	March 31, 2006
Secured Syndicated Revolving Credit Facilities of up to \$80,000 (see below), either in Canadian or U.S. currency equivalent, maturing March 21, 2007 if not extended, extendible annually, which bear interest at Libor plus 1.5% for the U.S. operating and term facilities at September 30, 2006 (representing an effective interest rate of 6.8%) and, Bankers' acceptance plus 1% for the Canadian operating and term facilities at September 30, 2006 (representing an effective interest rate of 7.0%) and Libor plus 1.5% at March 31, 2006 for the U.S. operating and term facilities (representing an effective interest rate of 6.2%).			
At September 30, 2006, the Company used \$4,000 and U.S.\$5,000			
(U.S.\$5,000 at March 31, 2006) on operating facilities and used U.S.\$27,656 (U.S.\$25,656 at March 31, 2006) on term facilities.	t 40 E00) \$	25 006
U.S.\$27,656 (U.S.\$25,656 at March 31, 2006) on term facilities. Loans bearing no interest, repayable in variable annual instalments,	40,500) >	35,806
with various expiry dates until 2013.	15,517	7	17,268
Obligations under capital leases bearing interest between 5.4% and 8.1% maturing between October 2006 and October 2009, with amortization periods varying between five to eight years, secured by the related property, plant			
and equipment.	7,316	5	8,627
	63,333	3	61,701
Less: current portion	6,063	3	11,064
9	57,270	\$	50,637

Secured Syndicated Revolving Credit Facilities

The Secured Syndicated Revolving Credit Facilities ("Credit Facilities") — see below, extension to credit facilities allow the Company and its subsidiaries to borrow up to \$80,000 (either in Canadian and U.S. currency equivalent) from a group of banks and their American subsidiaries or branches and are used for working capital, capital expenditures and other general corporate purposes and consist of revolving operating credit facilities of up to \$30,000 and revolving term credit facilities of up to \$50,000, each having up to a maximum of 21 month revolving period, extendible annually, secured by all assets of the Company, and its subsidiaries and are subject to certain restrictive covenants and corporate guarantees granted by the Company and its subsidiaries. Last year, in the third quarter ended December 31, 2005, the Company concluded the annual extension of its Credit Facilities from March 21, 2006 to March 21, 2007.

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT (cont'd)

In the event that the Credit Facilities are not extended at the end of the revolving period (March 21, 2007), the revolving operating credit facilities will mature. As to the revolving term credit facilities, they will convert at the end of the revolving period into a three-year term loan with an amortization period of five years. These Credit Facilities are extendible annually within the period from July 1st and October 31st of each year.

Interest rates vary based on Prime, Bankers' acceptance, Libor or U.S. base rate plus a relevant margin depending on the level of the Company's indebtedness and cash flows.

These Credit Facilities are governed by two credit agreements (Canadian and American).

Subsequent to the end of the quarter ended September 30, 2006, the Company successfully concluded the amendment and extension of its Credit Facilities for a five-year period whereas the revolving operating and term facilities were combined into one \$80,000 (either in Canadian or US currency equivalent) Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility that will mature in five years, on October 4, 2011, with no extension. Consequently, at September 30, 2006, the Company reclassified the current portion of long-term debt for these credit facilities, amounting to \$5,581, to long-term debt.

The financial expenses, for the periods ended September 30, are comprised of:

	Quarters ended September 30				Six months ended September 30			
		2006		2005	2006		2005	
Interest	\$	824		1,059	\$ 1,680	\$	2,042	
Amortization of deferred financing costs		68		82	137		164	
Standby fees		47		71	95		138	
Amortization of net deferred loss related								
to financial derivative instrument		35		35	74		70	
Interest revenue		(94)		(36)	(232)		(89)	
Financial expenses	\$	880	\$	1,211	\$ 1,754	\$	2,325	

NOTE 6. CAPITAL STOCK

Authorized capital stock

The authorized capital stock of the Company consists of the following:

An unlimited number of voting common shares, without par value;

An unlimited number of first preferred shares, issuable in series; and

An unlimited number of second preferred shares, issuable in series.

The rights, privileges, restrictions and conditions related to the preferred shares may be established by the Board of Directors.

The issued and outstanding capital stock of the Company consists of the following:

	Sept. 30, 2006	Marc	th 31, 2006
31,514,036 common shares (31,488,599 at March 31, 2006)	\$ 103,542	\$	103,447

Issuance of common shares

During the three- and six-month periods ended September 30, 2006, the Company issued 6,539 common shares and 13,437 common shares, respectively, at weighted-average prices of \$4.33 and \$4.27 for total net cash considerations of \$28 and \$57 under the stock purchase and ownership incentive plan (see below). During the three- and six-month periods ended September 30, 2006, 12,000 common shares were also issued following the exercise of stock options for a total cash consideration of \$38.

During the three- and six-month periods ended September 30, 2005, the Company issued 8,238 and 16,946 common shares at weighted-average prices of \$3.61 and \$3.65 for total net cash considerations of \$30 and \$62 under the stock purchase and ownership incentive plan (see below).

NOTE 6. CAPITAL STOCK (cont'd)

Stock option plan

The Company has a stock option plan where options to purchase common shares are issued to directors, officers and key employees. The Company expenses all granting of stock options based on their earned period, using the Black-Scholes valuation model to determine their fair value. The expense related to stock options recorded in the quarter ended September 30, 2006 amounted to \$62 (\$52 for the quarter ended September 30, 2005) and to \$117 (\$96 in 2005) for the six-month period ended September 30, 2006.

The aggregate number of shares reserved for issuance under this plan is 2,808,257 of which 691,718 shares have not yet been granted at September 30, 2006.

During the three- and six-month periods ended September 30, 2006, 325,000 stock options were granted at a value of \$4.79 per share. These options are performance based and are vesting over a three-year period and can be exercised over a seven-year period. During the same periods, 95,500 stock options were cancelled.

During the three- and six-month periods ended September 30, 2005, 135,000 and 200,000 stock options were granted at a strike price of \$3.84 and \$3.98 per share that are vesting over a three-year period and can be exercised over a seven-year period. To September 30, 2005, 135,800 stock options were cancelled, all in the first quarter.

At September 30, 2006, the Company had 1,186,021 outstanding stock options at an average strike price of \$5.49 which will expire over the next seven years (between June 2007 and August 2013).

Stock purchase and ownership incentive plan

The Company has a stock purchase and ownership incentive plan (the plan) to induce management employees to hold, on a long-term basis, common shares of the Company.

Under the plan, eligible employees can subscribe monthly, by salary deductions, up to 10% of their base salary, a number of common shares issued by the Company corresponding to their monthly contribution. The subscription price of the issued common shares represents 90% of the average closing price of the Company's common share on the TSX over the five trading days preceding the common share subscription. Also, the Company matches 50% of the employee's contribution by attributing to the employee, on a monthly basis, additional common shares acquired on the TSX at market price. However, the Company's matching attribution cannot exceed 4% of the employee's annual base salary. Common shares attributed to the employee, as well as the subscribed common shares, will be earned and released over a three-year period, the first period beginning July 1, 2005.

A trustee is in charge of the administration of the plan, including market purchases and subscriptions to the Company's common shares for and on behalf of the participating employees.

The aggregate number of shares reserved for issuance under this plan represents 340,000 common shares and has been taken out from the common shares already reserved for the Company's stock option plan.

During the three- and six-month periods ended September 30, 2006, 6,539 and 13,437 common shares were issued (65,477 since the beginning of the plan) and 2,959 and 5,941 common shares were attributed to the participating employees (29,399 since the beginning of the plan). For the three- and six-month periods ended September 30, 2006, the expense related to the attributed common shares amounting to \$15 and \$29 is recorded as compensation expense and is included in the Company's selling and administrative expenses.

During the three- and six-month periods ended September 30, 2005, 8,238 and 16,946 common shares were issued and 3,634 and 7,622 common shares were attributed to the participating employees. For the three- and six-month periods ended September 30, 2005, the expense related to the attributed common shares amounting to \$15 and \$31 is recorded as compensation expense and is included in the Company's selling and administrative expenses.

Stock Appreciation Right plan

The Company has a stock appreciation right plan (SAR) under which rights are issued to its non-employee directors. The SAR enables the participants to receive by way of bonus, on the exercise date of a SAR, a cash amount equal to the excess of the market price of the Company's common share over the granted price of the SAR. The SARs are expensed on an earned basis and their costs are determined based on the Company's common shares quoted market value over their granted price. An expense of \$14 was recorded for SAR during the three- and six-month periods ended September 30, 2006 (no expense was recorded for the same periods in 2005). During the three- and six-month periods ended September 30, 2006, 24,000 SAR were granted at a granted value of \$4.79 (15,000 SAR at a granted value of \$3.84 for the same period in 2005).

At September 30, 2006, on a cumulative basis, 84,000 SAR were still outstanding at a weighted-average value of \$5.34 which expires at various dates between fiscal years 2009 and 2013.

NOTE 7. PENSION AND OTHER POST-RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The Company has funded and unfunded defined benefit pension plans as well as defined contribution pension plans that provide pension benefits to its employees. Retirement benefits provided by the defined benefit pension plans are either based on years of service and flat amount, years of service and final average salary or set out by individual agreements.

Benefits provided by the post-retirement benefit plans are set out by individual agreements, which mostly provide for life insurance coverage and health care benefits. Since their amounts are not significant, they are not included in figures below.

Defined pension plan obligations are impacted by factors including interest rate, adjustments arising from plan amendments, changes in assumptions and experience gains or losses. The total pension plan costs for the three- and the six-month periods ended September 30 are as follows:

	Quarte Septe	ers end mber :			ended er 30	
	2006		2005	2006	2005	
Defined benefit pension costs	\$ 258	\$	275	\$ 569	\$ 647	_
Defined contribution pension costs	346		313	671	596	
	\$ 604	\$	588	\$ 1,240	\$ 1,243	_

NOTE 8. COMMITMENTS

The Company had entered into operating leases amounting to \$9,700 as at September 30, 2006 (\$11,700 as at March 31, 2006), essentially for machinery and equipment. All these amounts are repayable over the next seven years. At September 30, 2006, the Company also had purchase commitments totalling \$23,100 (\$7,400 to March 31, 2006) mainly for machinery and equipment.

NOTE 9. NET CHANGE IN NON-CASH ITEMS RELATED TO OPERATIONS

The net change in non-cash items related to operations for the three- and the six-month periods ended September 30 can be detailed as follows:

	Qı So		Six months en September 3		
	200	6 2005	2006		2005
Accounts receivable	\$ 1,31	1 \$ (5,344)	\$ 4,415	\$	(1,864)
Income tax receivable	(1,67	8) (1,010)	(1,375)	(3,221)
Other receivables	(1,03	5) 2,420	2,475		2,729
Inventories	(10,20	4) 2,004	(16,696)	(4,068)
Prepaid expenses	75	2 (102)	271		(1,091)
Other current assets	(59	7) 453	(810)	502
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and other liabilities	3,59	2 1,343	(5,778)	(1,316)
Income tax payable	(2,16	6) (243)	(2,705)	30
Effect of changes in exchange rate	4	9 (1,245)	(1,001)	(926)
	\$ (9,97	6) \$ (1,724)	\$ (21,204) \$	(9,225)

NOTE 10. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

Quarters ended September 30

Activity Segments

		2006			2005	
	Aerospace	Industrial	Total	Aerospace	Industrial	Total
Sales	\$ 56,204	\$ 6,465	\$ 62,669	\$ 56,422	\$ 5,881	\$ 62,303
Operating income (loss)	3,060	(747)	2,313	2,097	(449)	1,648
Financial expenses			880			1,211
Income before income tax (re and discontinued opera			1,433			437
Assets from continuing						
operations	288,715	20,452	309,167	273,050	18,816	291,866
Goodwill	36,446	1,001	37,447	34,390	1,041	35,431
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	3,070	789	3,859	1,476	74	1,550
Purchase of finite-life intangible assets	15	4	19	2	_	2
Goodwill acquired	_	_	_	883	_	883
Amortization	3,460	766	4,226	3,740	515	4,255
Geographic Segments						
		2006			2005	
	Canada	U.S.	Total	Canada	U.S.	Total
Sales	\$ 46,135	\$ 16,534	\$ 62,669	\$ 36,807	\$ 25,496	\$ 62,303
Property plant and						
equipment, net	59,024	34,456	93,480	58,519	38,247	96,766
Finite-life intangible assets, r	et 1,729	6,526	8,255	2,358	7,576	9,934
Goodwill	17,534	19,913	37,447	17,534	17,897	35,431
Export sales (1)	\$ 27,309			\$ 21,933		

^{67%} of the Company's sales (73% in 2005) were to US customers.

⁽¹⁾ Export sales are attributed to countries based on the location of the customers.

NOTE 10. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (cont'd)

Six months ended September 30

Activity Segments

		2006			2005	
	Aerospace	Industrial	Total	Aerospace	Industrial	Total
Sales	\$ 116,566	\$ 12,420	\$ 128,986	\$ 104,857	\$ 11,363	\$ 116,220
Operating income (loss)	5,231	(1,393)	3,838	(52)	(392)	(444)
Financial expenses			1,754			2,325
Income (loss) before						
income tax (recovery)						
and discontinued opera	ations		2,084			(2,769)
Assets from continuing						
operations	288,715	20,452	309,167	273,050	18,816	291,866
Goodwill	36,446	1,001	37,447	34,390	1,041	35,431
Purchase of property,						
plant and equipment	4,835	828	5,663	2,434	186	2,620
Purchase of finite-life						
intangible assets	274	4	278	110	_	110
Goodwill acquired	440	_	440	883	_	883
Amortization	7,144	1,223	8,367	7,516	1,025	8,541
Geographic Segments						
		2006			2005	
	Canada	U.S.	Total	Canada	U.S.	Total
Sales	\$ 94,805	\$ 34,181	\$ 128,986	\$ 70,557	\$ 45,663	\$ 116,220
Property plant and						
equipment, net	59,024	34,456	93,480	58,519	38,247	96,766
Finite-life intangible assets,	net 1,729	6,526	8,255	2,358	7,576	9,934
Goodwill	17,534	19,913	37,447	17,534	17,897	35,431
Export sales (1)	\$ 56,395			\$ 40,807		

68% of the Company's sales (71% in 2005) were to US customers.

NOTE 11. RECLASSIFICATION

Comparative figures for the financial statements as at September 30, 2005 have been reclassified to comply with the September 30, 2006 presentation.

⁽¹⁾ Export sales are attributed to countries based on the location of the customers.

management discussion and analysis of financial position and operating results

This Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Position and Operating Results (MD&A) is intended to provide an overview of how the financial position of Héroux Devtek Inc. ("Héroux-Devtek" or "the Company") changed between March 31, 2006 and September 30, 2006. It also compares the operating results and cash flows for the three- and six-month periods ended September 30, 2006 to those for the same period the previous year. It should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements dated March 31, 2006 and the related MD&A, both available on the Company's website at www.herouxdevtek.com, and with the interim consolidated financial statements of June 30, 2006 and September 30, 2006. Héroux-Devtek's consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The Company reports its results in Canadian dollars. All amounts in this MD&A are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Forward-Looking Statements

In the interest of providing shareholders and potential investors with information regarding Héroux-Devtek, including management's assessment of future plans and operations, certain statements in this MD&A are forward-looking statements subject to risks, uncertainties and other important factors that could cause the Company's actual performance to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by such statements.

Such factors include, but are not limited to: the impact of general economic conditions in Canada and the United States; industry conditions including changes in laws and regulations; increased competition; the lack of availability of qualified personnel or management; fluctuations in commodity prices or availability; foreign exchange and interest rates; stock market volatility; and the impact of accounting policies issued by Canadian and US standard setters. Some of these factors are further discussed under Risks and Uncertainties in the Company's MD&A for the year ended March 31, 2006.

Although the Company believes that the expectations conveyed by the forward-looking statements are based on the information available on the date such statements were made, there can be no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. All subsequent forward-looking statements, whether written or orally attributable to the Company or persons acting on its behalf, are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements.

OVERVIEW

Héroux-Devtek designs, develops, manufactures and repairs systems and components for two main market segments: Aerospace and Industrial. The Aerospace segment comprises the following:

- landing gear products
- · aerostructure products
- · aircraft engine components

The Industrial segment includes:

- · industrial gas turbine products
- · other industrial products, including products for the wind energy market.

During the second quarter ended September 30, 2006, the economic and industry factors influencing Héroux-Devtek's business remained essentially unchanged from those discussed at March 31 and June 30, 2006. The civil aerospace market recovery, which had a favourable impact on Héroux-Devtek's sales for fiscal 2006, continued in the first half of this fiscal year. The military aerospace market remains generally strong. On the industrial side, wind energy helped counterbalance the reduction in gas turbine sales. As confirmed at the Company's annual meeting of shareholders last August, the Company will exit the aircraft engine components market in the coming months. Finally, the strength of the Canadian dollar continued to have a significant negative impact on Héroux-Devtek's results in the first half of fiscal 2007.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

CONSOLIDATED SALES

Consolidated sales for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 stood at \$62.7 million compared to \$62.3 million for the same period last year.

Second quarter sales were favourably impacted by a further increase in large commercial, business jet and military repair and overhaul sales at the Landing Gear division. This increase was somewhat offset by lower military sales to civil customers at the Aerostructure division and by declining aircraft engine components sales as the Company gradually exits this market through to fiscal year-end. The ongoing negative impact of the stronger Canadian dollar relative to the US dollar (US dollar denominated sales) also reduced sales by \$3.7 million or 6.0%.

Year-to-date consolidated sales stood at \$129.0 million, \$12.8 million higher than sales of \$116.2M for the same period last year. The increase in sales is essentially attributable to the Landing Gear division, offset by a negative impact of \$7.8 million or 6.7% of sales due to the stronger Canadian dollar.

The Company's sales for the Aerospace and Industrial segments were as follows:

Segment	Qua	uarters ended Sept. 30			Six months ended Sept.30			pt.30
	2006	2006 2005 Variance		2006	2005	Varia	nce	
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	%	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	%
Aerospace								
Military	12,983	12,043	940	7.8	27,667	22,929	4,738	20.7
Civil								
Military products sold to								
civil customers	12,382	19,486	(7,104)	(36.4)	25,595	34,199	(8,604)	(25.2)
Commercial products	30,839	24,893	5,946	23.9	63,302	47,729	15,573	32.6
Total Civil	43,221	44,379	(1,158)	(2.6)	88,897	81,928	6,969	8.5
Total Aerospace	56,204	56,422	(218)	(0.4)	116,564	104,857	11,707	11.2
Total Industrial	6,465	5,881	584	9.9	12,422	11,363	1,059	9.3
Total	62,669	62,303	366	0.6	128,986	116,220	12,766	11.0

Aerospace Segment

The Aerospace segment sales shown in the table above can be broken down by sector as follows:

Sector	Qua	rters en	ded Sept.	30	Six	months o	ended Sej	ot.30
	2006	2005	2005 Variance		2006	2005	Varia	nce
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	%	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	%
Landing Gear	38,549	31,383	7,166	22.8	79,250	60,032	19,218	32.0
Aerostructure	16,669	20,123	(3,454)	(17.2)	35,017	34,878	139	0.4
Aircraft Engine Components	986	4,916	(3,930)	(79.9)	2,297	9,947	(7,650)	(76.9)
Total	56,204	56,422	(218)	(0.4)	116,564	104,857	11,707	11.2

For the second quarter ended September 30, 2006, overall sales for the Aerospace segment were down 0.4% to \$56.2 million compared to \$56.4 million for the same period last year.

During the second quarter, Landing Gear sales increased by \$7.2 million or 22.8% relative to the same period last year. This resulted from continued growth in sales for large civil and business jets and from the supply of material on the US Air Force (USAF) military repair and overhaul contract for the full quarter this year.

Second quarter Aerostructure sales were down \$3.5 million to \$16.7 million, with some sales postponed to later in the year due to the late supply of certain material for military sales. Aerostructure sales were also affected by the lower production output attributable to development work on the Joint Strike Fighter (JSF) contract.

Aircraft engine component sales continued to shrink in the second quarter, as anticipated, totalling \$1.0 million compared to \$4.9 million last year. These sales are down from \$1.9 million in the last quarter of fiscal 2006 and \$1.3 million in the first quarter of this year. As mentioned, management plans to exit this market by the end of the current fiscal year based on a mutual agreement with the customer.

Aerospace sales for the first six months of the year rose due to the increase in Landing Gear sales, partially offset by lower aircraft engine component sales.

Industrial Segment

Sales for the Industrial segment were as follows:

Sector	Qua	rters en	ded Sept.	30	Six	months (ended Sej	ot.30
	2006	2005	Varia	ance	2006	2005	Varia	nce
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	%	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	%
Gas Turbine	3,361	3,626	(265)	(7.3)	5,813	6,708	(895)	(13.4)
Other Industrial	3,104	2,255	849	37.6	6,609	4,655	1,954	42.0
Total	6,465	5,881	584	9.9	12,422	11,363	1,059	9.3

Second quarter sales for the Industrial segment were up about 10% from last year. While the modest growth expected in Industrial Gas Turbine sales has not yet materialized, wind energy sales are stronger this year, totalling \$1.2 million for the second quarter of this year compared to \$268,000 for the same period last year and \$2.3 million for the first six months of the year compared to \$305,000 for the same period last year.

Sales by Destination

The Company's sales by destination were as follows:

Destination		Quarters ended Sept. 30			
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
Canada	32%	24%	30%	26%	
U.S.	67%	73%	68%	71%	
International	1%	3%	2%	3%	
	100%	100%	100%	100%	

The increase in sales in Canada for the year to date reflects improved commercial Landing Gear and Aerostructure sales to Canadian customers and reduced aircraft engine components sales to US customers relative to the same period last year.

GROSS PROFIT

For the quarter ended September 30, 2006, consolidated gross profit as a percentage of sales was 10.5%, up from 7.8% last year. The stronger Canadian dollar relative to the US currency only had a 0.23% negative impact on gross profit as a percentage of sales.

Year-to-date consolidated gross profit as a percentage of sales also improved, from 5.9% last year to 9.3% for the six months ended September 30, 2006, in spite of a 0.6% negative impact attributable to the stronger Canadian dollar.

Gross profit was also favourably impacted by improved margins on certain contracts mainly due to improved productivity at the Landing Gear division and the increase in sales at this division, which contributed to a better absorption of manufacturing overhead costs.

SELLING AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Selling and administrative expenses rose this year, as shown below:

		ıarters d Sept. 30	Six months ended Sept.30		
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
Selling and administrative expenses (\$'000)	4,259	3,206	8,177	7,359	
% of sales	6.8	5.1	6.3	6.3	

Second quarter selling and administrative expenses were \$1.1 million higher than last year, mainly due to a lower gain on currency translation this year. Year-to-date selling and administrative expenses were \$0.8 million higher, in line with the higher sale volumes.

OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)

Aerospace Segment

Aerospace operating income was \$3.1 million or 5.4% of sales in the second quarter compared to an operating income of \$2.1 million or 3.7% of sales in the second quarter of last year, essentially reflecting higher sales and improved performance at the Landing Gear Division. The year-to-date operating income increase of \$5.3 million, compared to last year, for the Aerospace segment reflects the improved Landing Gear figures.

Industrial Segment

The operating loss of \$0.7 million or 11.6% of sales in the second quarter of this year compares to an operating loss of \$0.4 million or 7.6% of sales for the same period last year while the year-to-date operating loss of \$1.4 million or 11.2% of sales this year compares to an operating loss of \$0.4 million or 3.4% of sales for the same period last year. These mainly reflect the continued overall low business volume at the Gas Turbine Components division, where the modest growth expected in industrial gas turbine business has not yet materialized and also due to certain manufacturing inefficiencies.

Consolidated Operating Income (Loss)

Year-to-date, consolidated operating income improved to \$3.8 million or 3.0% of sales in fiscal 2007 from an operating loss of \$0.4 million or 0.1 % of sales last year.

FINANCIAL EXPENSES

Financial expenses declined this year, as shown below:

	Qı ende	uarters d Sept. 30	Six months ended Sept.30		
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	
Interest	824	1,059	1,680	2,042	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	68	82	137	164	
Standby fees	47	71	95	138	
Amortization of net deferred loss related					
to financial derivative instrument	35	35	74	70	
Interest revenue	(94)	(36)	(232)	(89)	
Financial expenses – net	880	1,211	1,754	2,325	

For the second quarter ended September 30, 2006, financial expenses were \$0.9 million, \$0.3 million lower than for the same period last year. Year-to-date, financial expenses at \$1.8 million were \$0.5 million lower than for the first six months last year. The decrease is mainly attributable to lower average outstanding debt, resulting from debt capital repayments made last year following the sale of Diemaco in May 2005 for proceeds of \$19.0 million and the treasury issue of 4.5 million common shares in November 2005 for net proceeds of \$15.7 million.

INCOME TAX RECOVERY

Year-to-date, the Company's effective income tax rate was (4.8%), representing an income tax recovery of \$0.1 million, compared to the Company's Canadian blended statutory income tax rate of 33.0%. The income tax recovery was favourably impacted by \$0.4 million in permanent differences and a \$0.5 million in net future tax adjustments. This was partially offset by a \$0.1 million negative impact on the Company's net future income tax assets following a decrease in the Canadian Federal income tax rate announced last May.

DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Last year, on May 20, 2005, the Company concluded the sale of its Logistics & Defence Division, Diemaco, to Colt Defense LLC. The final total sale price was \$19.0 million. All assets and liabilities related to Diemaco were reclassified as discontinued assets and liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. Diemaco's revenues, expenses and net income are shown under discontinued operations in the consolidated statements of income (loss), and the impact of Diemaco's operations on the Company's cash and cash equivalents is presented under discontinued operations in the consolidated statements of cash flows (see below and Note 3 to the interim consolidated financial statements).

NET INCOME (LOSS)

	Quarters ended Sept. 30		Six months ended Sept.30	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Net income (loss) from continuing operations (\$'000)	1,496	(256)	2,184	(2,688)
Net income from discontinued operations (\$'000)	-	_	_	8,844
Net income (loss) (\$'000)	1,496	(256)	2,184	6,156
Earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations (\$) — basic and diluted	0.05	(0.01)	0.07	(0.10)
Earnings per share from discontinued operations (\$) — basic and diluted	-	_	_	0.33
Earnings (loss) per share (\$) — basic and diluted	0.05	(0.01)	0.07	0.23

Earnings (loss) per share figures are based on weighted-averages of 31,509,778 common shares outstanding for the second quarter of this year and 26,968,367 for the same period last year. Year-to date, earnings (loss) per share figures are based on weighted-averages of 31,501,315 common shares outstanding this year and 26,963,953 for the same period last year. The increase in the number of shares is essentially due to the treasury issue of 4.5 million common shares in November 2005, and the issuance of common shares pursuant to the Company's stock purchase and ownership incentive plan (see Note 6 to the interim consolidated financial statements).

On November 1, 2006, the date of this MD&A, the Company had 31,517,156 common shares outstanding.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Internally, the Company generated cash flows from continuing operations and used cash flows for operating activities as follows:

		ıarters d Sept. 30	Six months ended Sept.30		
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	
Cash flows from continuing operations	6,200	5,156	11,060	7,535	
Net change in non-cash items related to operations	(9,976)	(1,724)	(21,204)	(9,225)	
Cash flows relating to operating activities	(3,776)	3,432	(10,144)	(1,690)	

The increase in cash flows from continuing operations for the second quarter ended September 30, 2006, was mainly due to the improvement in net income, partially offset by lower future income taxes.

The net change in non-cash items for the second quarter ended September 30, 2006, was mainly caused by a \$10.2 million increase in inventories, in line with the rising level of activity, and a \$2.2 million reduction in income tax payable. These changes were somewhat offset by a decrease of \$1.3 million in accounts receivable and an increase of \$3.6 million in accounts payable and accrued liabilities and other liabilities.

For the second quarter ended September 30, 2005, the net change in non-cash items included increases of \$5.3 million in accounts receivable and \$1.0 million in income taxes receivable, partially offset by decreases of \$2.4 million in other receivables and \$2.0 million in inventories.

The increase in cash flows from continuing operations for the six months ended September 30, 2006, was also attributable to the improvement in net income, partially offset by lower future income taxes. The net change in non-cash items included increases of \$16.7 million of inventories, in line with the upcoming activity levels, a reduction of \$5.8 million in accounts payable and accrued liabilities and other liabilities and a \$2.7 million reduction in income tax payable, offset by a \$4.4 million reduction in accounts receivable.

For the six months ended September 30, 2005, the net change in non-cash items included increases of \$1.9 million in accounts receivable, \$3.2 million in income taxes receivable and \$4.1 million in inventory, and a decrease of \$1.3 million in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The increases in accounts receivable and inventories were mainly related to the overall growth in business activity.

INVESTING ACTIVITIES

The Company's investing activities were as follows:

		Quarters ended Sept. 30		Six months ended Sept.30	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment					
and finite-life intangible assets	(3,878)	(1,552)	(5,941)	(2,730)	
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment	2,171	7	2,171	13	
Business acquisition	_	(2,335)	(1,577)	(2,335)	
Proceeds on sale of Logistics and Defence Division, Diemac	ю —	(137)	_	19,035	
Cash flows relating to investing activities	(1,707)	(4,017)	(5,347)	13,983	

Second quarter purchase of property, plant and equipment and finite-life intangible assets (capital expenditures) was \$3.9 million this year compared to \$1.5 million last year. Year-to-date, capital expenditures stood at \$5.9 million this year compared to \$2.7 million last year. In all, capital expenditures of about \$25 million are still expected for the current fiscal year (see commitments below).

In the second quarter ended September 30, 2006, the Company sold its Tampa, Florida, facility for proceeds of \$2.2 million, and generated no accounting gain or loss. This facility was closed some years ago and the Tampa operations were transferred to our operations in Cincinnati, Ohio.

The \$1.6 million business acquisition in the six months ended September 30, 2006, represents the final profitability performance payments in relation to the acquisition of Progressive on April 1, 2004. (See Note 2 to the interim consolidated financial statements.)

On May 20, 2005, the Company concluded the sale of its Logistics and Defence Division, Diemaco. The final total sale price amounted to \$19.0 million. (See Note 3 to the interim consolidated financial statements).

FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The Company's financing activities were as follows:

		ıarters d Sept. 30	Six months ended Sept.30		
	2006 2005 2		2006	2005	
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	
Increase in long-term debt	6,495	5,963	6,495	5,963	
Repayment of long-term debt	(583)	(1,659)	(2,963)	(18,315)	
Issuance of common shares	66	30	95	62	
Cash flows relating to financing activities	5,978	4,334	3,627	(12,290)	

During the first quarter of the previous fiscal year, subsequent to the sale of the Logistics and Defence Division, Diemaco, the Company repaid \$15.3 million on its Secured Syndicated Revolving Term Credit Facilities.

AMENDMENT AND EXTENSION OF THE SECURED SYNDICATED REVOLVING CREDIT FACILITIES

Subsequent to the end of the second quarter ended September 30, 2006, the Company successfully concluded the amendment and extension of its Credit Facilities for a five-year period whereby the revolving operating and term facilities were combined into one \$80 million Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility that will mature in five years, on October 4, 2011, with no extension. This facility is secured by all the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries and is subject to certain restrictive covenants and corporate guarantees granted by the Company and its subsidiaries. This agreement was concluded with a syndication of banks comprising National Bank of Canada, which also acted as the administrative agent, The Bank of Nova Scotia, The Toronto Dominion Bank and Laurentian Bank of Canada.

Consequently, at September 30, 2006, the Company reclassified the current portion of long-term debt for these credit facilities, amounting to \$5.6 million, to long-term debt.

The Company was in compliance with all its restrictive debt covenants at September 30, 2006, and expects to remain so for the balance of the current fiscal year.

STOCK OPTION PLAN

The Company has a Stock Option Plan whereby options to purchase common shares are issued to directors, officers and key employees. On February 1, 2006, the Human Resources and Corporate Governance Committee recommended to the Board of Directors (the "Board") the approval of certain changes to the Company's Stock Option Plan, which were approved the same day by the Board. The purpose of these changes was to increase the number of common shares that may be issued under the Stock Option Plan and under the Stock Purchase and Ownership Incentive Plan from an aggregate of 2,277,118 common shares (of which 300,079 common shares remain available for future grants at March 31, 2006, including 90,000 reserved for the Stock Purchase and Ownership Incentive Plan) to 3,148,257 common shares (representing about 10% of the common shares outstanding at March 31, 2006, and of which 340,000 are reserved for the Stock Purchase and Ownership Incentive Plan).

These changes were approved by the Toronto Stock Exchange and by the Company's shareholders at their annual general meeting held August 2, 2006.

At September 30, 2006, the Company had 1,186,021 outstanding stock options at an average strike price of \$5.49 that will expire over the next seven years (between June 2007 and August 2013).

The aggregate number of shares reserved for issuance under this plan is 2,808,257 of which 691,718 shares have not yet been granted at September 30, 2006. The Company also has a Stock Purchase and Ownership Incentive Plan for management employees, and a Stock Appreciation Rights Plan for its non-employee directors. (See Note 6 to the interim consolidated financial statements).

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

The following table itemizes and explains the material changes to the consolidated balance sheets between March 31, 2006 and September 30, 2006:

Item	Change (\$ million)	Explanation
Cash and cash equivalents	(12.3)	See consolidated statements of cash flows
Accounts receivable	(4.4)	Increased level of business activity more than offset by improved accounts receivable collection
Other receivables	(2.5)	Collection of other receivables related to tooling invoiced to customers
Inventories	16.7	Mainly related to increased business activity for the upcoming quarters
Property, plant and equipment, net	(5.5)	Due to:
		 Purchase of capital assets (\$5.7 million)
		Net of:
		 Amortization (\$7.4 million)
		 Proceed from the sale of the Tampa facilities (\$2.2 million)
		 A lower US exchange rate used to convert the net assets of self-sustaining US subsidiaries (\$1.6 million)
Finite-life intangible assets, net (includes a \$6.0 million net backlog)	(1.0)	Represents mainly the amortization on the underlying value of the net backlog acquired as part of the acquisition of Progressive, net of the lower US exchange rate used to convert the net assets of self-sustaining US subsidiaries
Goodwill	(0.4)	Due to the variation between actual additional payments made to the sellers in the first quarter in relation to the profitability performance of Progressive and the estimated payments accrued for at the last fiscal year-end (\$0.4 million), net of the lower US exchange rate used to convert the net asset of self-sustaining US subsidiaries (\$0.8 million)

Item	Change (\$ million)	Explanation
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	s (6.5)	Impact of increased raw material purchases at the end of the fourth quarter of last year and timing of payments
Long-term debt (including current portion)	1.6	Due to: • Net increase in long-term debt (\$3.5 million) to mainly support the increased working capital requirements; net of
		 A lower US exchange rate used to convert the net assets of self-sustaining US subsidiaries (\$1.9 million)
Cumulative translation adjustment	(2.5)	Represents the counterpart of the impact of foreign exchange rate fluctuations on the net assets of self-sustaining US subsidiaries
Retained earnings	2.2	See consolidated statements of retained earnings

At September 30, 2006 and March 31, 2006, the Company's working capital ratio, cash and cash equivalents and long-term debt-to-equity ratio were as follows:

	Sept. 30,	March 31,
	2006	2006
Working capital ratio	2.01:1	1.76:1
Cash and cash equivalents	\$8.6 million	\$20.9 million
Long-term debt-to-equity ratio	0.38:1	0.33:1

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS AND COMMITMENTS

The Company had entered into operating leases amounting to \$9.7 million as at September 30, 2006 (\$11.7 million as at March 31, 2006), essentially for machinery and equipment. All these amounts are repayable over the next seven years. At September 30, 2006, the Company also had purchase commitments totalling \$23.1 million (\$7.4 million to March 31, 2006) mainly for machinery and equipment. These commitments mainly relate to the Longueuil plant modernization of the plating department and production capacity increases at our Kitchener, Ontario and Arlington, Texas, plants.

At September 30, 2006, the Company entered into forward foreign exchange contracts whereby it will sell US\$123.5 million at an average exchange rate of 1.2484 (US\$146.5 million at an average rate of 1.2617 as at March 31, 2006 and US\$128.0 million at an average rate of 1.3089 as at September 30, 2005) for the purpose of foreign exchange risk management related to its export sales. These contracts mature at various dates between October 1, 2006 and December 31, 2009.

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Changes in accounting policies adopted in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006 and future changes in accounting policies are discussed in the MD&A included in the Company's annual report for fiscal 2006.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Héroux-Devtek operates in industry segments that have a variety of risk factors and uncertainties that could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those mentioned below, which are more fully described in the Company's MD&A for the year ended March 31, 2006.

- · Reliance on large customers
- · Availability and cost of raw materials
- Operational risks
- General economic conditions
- Military spending
- · Foreign currency fluctuations
- · Liquidity and access to capital resources
- · Restrictive debt covenants
- · Changing interest rates
- External business environment
- · Warranty casualty claim losses
- · Environmental matters
- · Collective bargaining agreements
- Skilled labour

OUTLOOK

As previously reported in our MD&A for the year ended March 31, 2006, the Company expects its business to continue to improve through the remainder of this year. Sales for large commercial aircraft, business jets and turboprops (commuters) should increase as the civil market continues to improve, while regional jet product sales will remain at a lower level. Military sales should remain solid.

Excellent momentum has been established in the Landing Gear Division and results have been better than anticipated. This positive trend is expected to continue into the second half of the year. Considerable Aerostructure Division resources are currently being dedicated to the development phase of the JSF project. While this has had an impact on some production potential, this initiative will position the Company to benefit from its involvement in what is considered to be the largest on-going military program over the next 20 years. Héroux-Devtek is particularly well placed to participate in this massive venture as it is already working on all versions of the F-35 JSF program.

The move into the wind energy market combined with the exit from the aircraft engine components market will continue to contribute positively to restoring profitability in the Gas Turbine business. Nevertheless, this division requires additional business volume in order to provide a sound return on investment.

Based on the existing backlog, Company management continues to anticipate sales growth of approximately 10% for the current fiscal year, as previously forecasted and, given the net income for the first six months, the Company anticipates reaching its goal of profitability for the current fiscal year.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND CONTINUOUS DISCLOSURE

This MD&A was approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors on November 1, 2006. Updated information on the Company, including the annual information form, can be found on the SEDAR web site at www.sedar.com.



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Share Listing
Toronto Stock Exchange
Ticker symbol: HRX